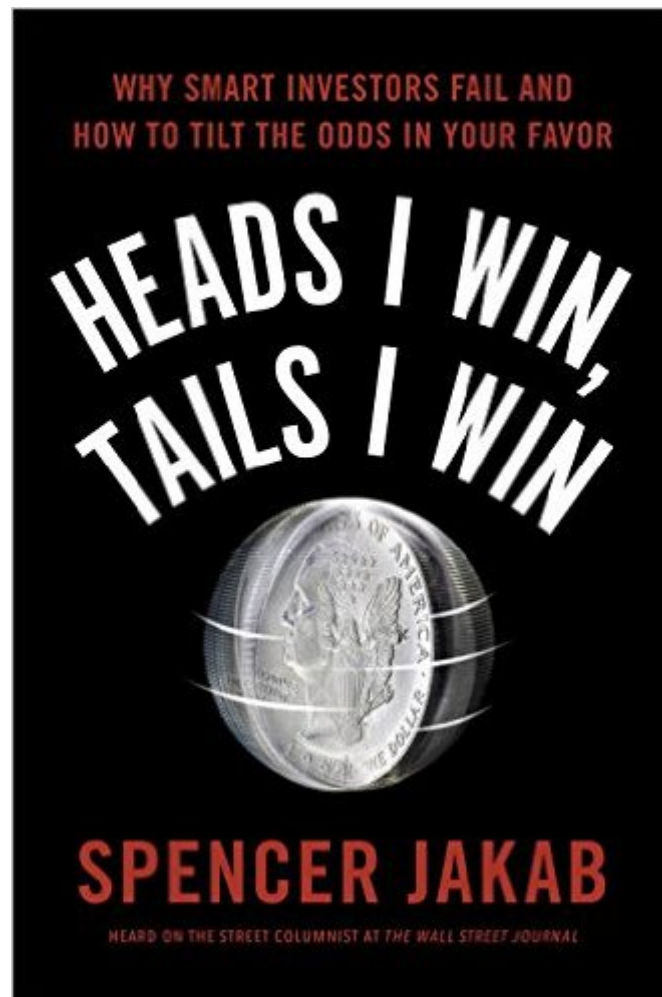


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# Heads I Win, Tails I Win: Why Smart Investors Fail And How To Tilt The Odds In Your Favor



## Synopsis

INVESTING IS ONE OF THE FEW AREAS IN LIFE WHERE EVEN VERY SMART PEOPLE LET HOPE TRIUMPH OVER EXPERIENCE. According to Wall Street Journal investing columnist Spencer Jakab, most of us have no idea how much money we're leaving on the table or that the average saver doesn't come anywhere close to earning the average returns touted in those glossy brochures. We're handicapped not only by psychological biases and a fear of missing out, but by an industry with multimillion-dollar marketing budgets and an eye on its own bottom line, not yours. Unless you're very handy, you probably don't know how to fix your own car or give a family member a decent haircut. But most Americans are expected to be part-time fund managers. With a steady, livable pension check becoming a rarity, we've been entrusted with our own finances and, for the most part, failed miserably. Since leaving his job as a top-rated stock analyst to become an investing columnist, Jakab has watched his readers and his family, friends, and colleagues make the same mistakes again and again. He set out to evaluate the typical advice people get, from the clearly risky to the seemingly safe, to figure out where it all goes wrong and how they could do much better. Blending entertaining stories with some surprising research, Jakab explains how a typical saver could have a retirement nest egg twice as large by being cheap and lazy. Why investors who put their savings with a high-performing mutual fund manager end up worse off than if they'd picked one who has struggled. The best way to cash in on your hunch that a recession is looming. How people who check their brokerage accounts frequently end up falling behind the market. Who isn't nearly as good at investing as the media would have you think. He also explains why you should never trust a World Cup "predicting octopus, why you shouldn't invest in companies with an X or a Z in their names, and what to do if a time traveler offers you economic news from the future. Whatever your level of expertise, Heads I Win, Tails I Win can help you vastly improve your odds of investment success.

## Book Information

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## Customer Reviews

This book harkens back to a question I first encountered in a university investment class back in 1979. Our text was Burton G. Malkiel's *A RANDOM WALK DOWN WALL STREET*, which had broken ground a few years early by theorizing that all meaningful information is instantly incorporated in stock prices, thereby making it impossible to outperform the market by calculated stock picking. Random Walk Theory postulates that the market can only be beaten by:

A) Coincidental luck, i.e. beating the market 10 years in a row would be like flipping a coin 10 times in a row and it landing on heads every time. The law of probability says that must happen occasionally, but isn't predictable. B) Taking on more risk than the market as a whole. You might beat the market by using leverage (margin, options, or leveraged ETFs) during those periods when you anticipate the trend correctly, but the leverage will eliminate those gains just as rapidly when the market reverses and goes against your position. I remember that one of the students had the temerity to ask our professor if he really believed the random walk theory. He wouldn't be teaching an investment course if I did, the old prof answered slyly. I still wonder what he meant by that. Did he mean that he didn't believe Random Walk Theory, or that he believed it but couldn't admit to believing it and still keep his job as a professor of finance? As for me, I had been a stock market junkie since high school. I grew up watching Louis Rukeyser's *Wall Street Week*, which advocated calculated stock picking on the basis of fundamental company and economic analysis. I'd done well with stocks like IBM and Conoco, so I thought of myself as a budding stock picker who didn't put much stock in the random walk.

A well researched and written book. Referencing many great investors from Peter Lynch to Warren Buffett. "A central tenet of this book is that it's better in the long run to be smart than lucky." If you take away only one lesson from *Head I Win, Tails I Win*, then, it's that being smart is way more important than being lucky. Investing is a repeatable exercise and there's no avoiding losing money or, almost as painful for some people, letting a hot stock tip go by that makes someone else a fortune. The people who wind up with the biggest pot of money at the end, though, are almost always the ones who didn't worry about that and played the odds correctly. While some people magically (i.e. fluke luck) predicted the financial crisis, virtually none of those people

got fully reinvested in the stock market (i.e. dumb strategy), and missed out on tremendous gains from 2009 through 2016. Stocks pose risk, and markets will undoubtedly crash again in the future, but for investors that can stomach the volatile moves, long-term gains will be there. • Therein lies the rub of investing in stocks. In order to unlock their extra return, you have to be willing to accept big losses in the interim. Reacting to those ups and downs by selling or buying at the wrong times is a big reason why investors wind up living in Lake Moneybegone. • Simply checking your investments less frequently decreases the odds of doing something silly. • Short-term trading can hurt returns, drive up costs, and be tax inefficient. While having the data to support investing in broad benchmarks (e.g. S&P 500), the book does briefly address value investors (e.g. Warren Buffett) and companies with long-term sustainable dividends have the potential to outperform the market.

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